

Figure 1: the bifurcation diagram

Initialization

In[1]:= $\epsilon = 10^{-7};$

$$Z[d_] := \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \text{Gamma}\left[\frac{d}{2}\right]}{\text{Gamma}\left[\frac{1+d}{2}\right]}$$

In[3]:= Off[NDSolve::ndinnt]
Off[ReplaceAll::reps]
Off[FindRoot::cvmit]
Off[FindRoot::brmp]
Off[NDSolve::ndinnt]

$$\text{In[8]:= } f[\beta_] := \left(\frac{d-1}{d+2}\right)^2 (\beta(p-1))^2 - (\beta(p-2)+1)(\beta-1) - \frac{d}{d+2} \beta(p-1)$$

Shooting method

In[9]:= G[λ_, p_, d_] := a /. FindRoot[u' [π - ε] /.

$$\text{NDSolve}\left[\left\{u''[\theta] + (d-1) \cot[\theta] u'[\theta] + \frac{d\lambda}{p-2} (\text{Abs}[u[\theta]]^{p-2} u[\theta] - u[\theta]) = 0,\right.\right.$$

$$\left. u'[\epsilon] = d\lambda \frac{a - \text{Abs}[a^{p-2}] a}{d(p-2)} \epsilon, u[\epsilon] = a + d\lambda \frac{a - \text{Abs}[a^{p-2}] a}{d(p-2)} \frac{\epsilon^2}{2} \right\},$$

$$\{u, u'\}, \{\theta, \epsilon, \pi - \epsilon\}, \{a, 0.001, 0.5\}][[1]]$$

Computation of the optimal constant

In[10]:= H[λ_, p_, d_] :=

$$\text{Module}\left[\{a = G[\lambda, p, d]\}, \left(\frac{v[\pi - \epsilon]}{Z[d]}\right)^{\frac{p-2}{p}} /.$$

$$\text{NDSolve}\left[\left\{u''[\theta] + (d-1) \cot[\theta] u'[\theta] + \frac{d\lambda}{p-2} (\text{Abs}[u[\theta]]^{p-2} u[\theta] - u[\theta]) = 0,\right.\right.$$

$$\left. u'[\epsilon] = d\lambda \frac{a - \text{Abs}[a^{p-2}] a}{d(p-2)} \epsilon, u[\epsilon] = a + d\lambda \frac{a - \text{Abs}[a^{p-2}] a}{d(p-2)} \frac{\epsilon^2}{2}, v'[\theta] =$$

$$\sin[\theta]^{d-1} \text{Abs}[u[\theta]]^p, v[\epsilon] = \frac{\text{Abs}[a^p]}{d} \epsilon^d \right\}, \{u, u', v\}, \{\theta, \epsilon, \pi - \epsilon\}][[1]]$$

Plot of the bifurcation diagram

```
In[11]:= Show[Plot[λ, {λ, 3, 9}, PlotStyle → {Black, Thick, Dashed},
  PlotRange → {{0, 9}, {0, 9}}, Plot[λ, {λ, 0, 3.15}, PlotStyle → {Black, Thick}],
  Plot[λ H[λ / 3, 3, 3], {λ, 3.15, 9}, PlotStyle → {Black, Thick}],
  ListLinePlot[{{3, 0}, {3, 3.5}}, PlotStyle → {Black, Dotted}],
  ListLinePlot[{{0, 3}, {3.25, 3}}, PlotStyle → {Black, Dotted}],
  ListLinePlot[{{3, 2.5}, {3, 3.5}}, PlotStyle → Black],
  ListLinePlot[{{2.75, 3}, {3.25, 3}}, PlotStyle → Black]]
```

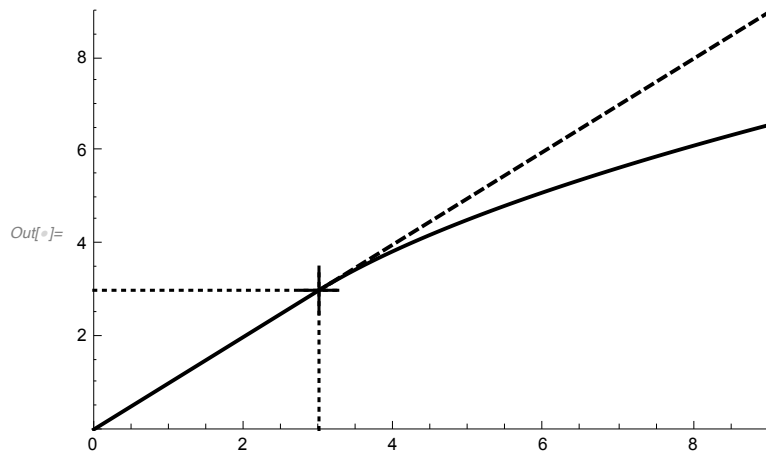


Figure 2: the branches on the sphere

```
In[1]:= δ = 10-7;
λmax = 20.2;
Off[FindRoot::brmp]
Off[NDSolve::ndsz]
Off[NDSolve::ndnum]
Off[ReplaceAll::reps]
Off[NDSolve::ndinrt]
Off[ReplaceAll::reps]
Off[FindRoot::nlnum]
Off[FindRoot::jsing]
Off[FindRoot::lstol]
```

```
In[12]:= Z[d_] := 
$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \, \text{Gamma}\left[\frac{d}{2}\right]}{\text{Gamma}\left[\frac{1+d}{2}\right]}$$

```

```
In[13]:=
```

First branch

```

In[14]:= Tir[d_, p_, λ_, a_?NumericQ] := Tanh[u'[-1 + δ]] /.
  NDSolve[{- (1 - z^2) u''[z] + d z u'[z] +  $\frac{\lambda}{p-2}$  u[z] -  $\frac{1}{p-2}$  Abs[u[z]]p-2 u[z] == 0,
    u[1 - δ] == a, u'[1 - δ] ==  $\frac{a^{p-1} - \lambda a}{d (p-2)}$ }, {u, u'}, {z, -1 + δ, 1 - δ}][[1]]

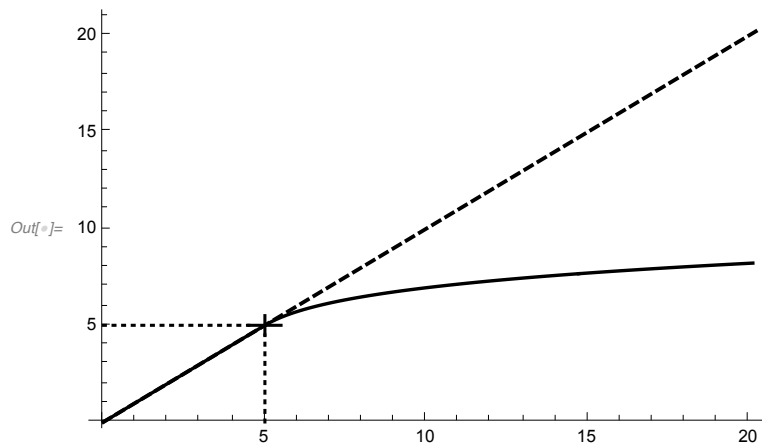
Mu[d_, p_, λ_, a_?NumericQ] := v[-1 + δ] $\frac{p-2}{p}$  /.
  NDSolve[{- (1 - z^2) u''[z] + d z u'[z] +  $\frac{\lambda}{p-2}$  u[z] -  $\frac{1}{p-2}$  Abs[u[z]]p-2 u[z] == 0,
    u[1 - δ] == a -  $\frac{a^{p-1} - \lambda a}{d (1 - \delta)} \delta$ , u'[1 - δ] ==  $\frac{a^{p-1} - \lambda a}{d (p-2)}$ , v'[z] == -Abs[u[z]]p  $\frac{(1 - z^2)^{\frac{d-2}{2}}}{Z[d]}$ ,
    v[1 - δ] == 0}, {u, u', v}, {z, -1 + δ, 1 - δ}][[1]]

FTir[d_, p_, λ_] := Module[{x = FindRoot[Tir[d, p, λ, a] == 0,
  {a, δ,  $\frac{1}{\lambda - d + 0.2 + 0.02 (\lambda - d)^4}$ }}], a /. x]

LL = Table[{λ, FTir[5, 3, λ]}, {λ, 5.01, λmax, 0.1}];
LLL = Join[{0, 0}, {5, 5}],
  Table[{λ, Mu[5, 3, λ, FTir[5, 3, λ]]}, {λ, 5.01, λmax, 0.1}];

In[30]:= P1 = Show[ListLinePlot[{0, 0}, {λmax, λmax}], PlotStyle → {Black, Thick, Dashed}],
  ListLinePlot[LLL, PlotStyle → {Thickness[0.005], Black}],
  ListLinePlot[{0, 5}, {4.5, 5}], PlotStyle → {Black, Dotted}],
  ListLinePlot[{4.5, 5}, {5.5, 5}], PlotStyle → Black],
  ListLinePlot[{5, 0}, {5, 4.5}], PlotStyle → {Black, Dotted}],
  ListLinePlot[{5, 4.5}, {5, 5.5}], PlotStyle → Black]]

```



In[31]=

Second branch

In[19]:= Tir[d_, p_, λ_, a_?NumericQ] := u'[0] /.

$$\text{NDSolve}\left[\left\{-\left(1-z^2\right) u''[z]+d z u'[z]+\frac{\lambda}{p-2} u[z]-\frac{1}{p-2} \text{Abs}[u[z]]^{p-2} u[z]=0,\right.\right.$$

$$\left. u[1-\delta]=a, u'[1-\delta]=\frac{a^{p-1}-\lambda a}{d(p-2)}\right\},\{u, u'\},\{z, 0, 1-\delta\}][[1]]$$

In[20]:= Mutest[d_, p_, λ_, a_?NumericQ] := (2 v[0]) ^{$\frac{p-2}{p}$} /.

$$\text{NDSolve}\left[\left\{-\left(1-z^2\right) u''[z]+d z u'[z]+\frac{\lambda}{p-2} u[z]-\frac{1}{p-2} \text{Abs}[u[z]]^{p-2} u[z]=0,\right.\right.$$

$$\left. u[1-\delta]=a-\frac{a^{p-1}-\lambda a}{d(1-\delta)} \delta, u'[1-\delta]=\frac{a^{p-1}-\lambda a}{d(p-2)},\right.$$

$$\left. v'[z]=-\text{Abs}[u[z]]^p \frac{\left(1-z^2\right)^{\frac{d-2}{2}}}{Z[d]}, v[1-\delta]=0\right\},\{u, u', v\},\{z, 0, 1-\delta\}][[1]]$$

In[21]:= Branch[λ1_, λ2_, h_, ainit_] :=

{Res0 = {{λ1, a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3, λ1, a], {a, ainit}]}}};

Monitor[For[i = 1, Sign[λ2 - λ1] (λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1] - λ2) < 0,

i++, Res0 = Append[Res0, {λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1],

a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3, λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1], a],

{a, Res0[[Length[Res0]]][[2]]}], λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1]];

Res0][[1]]

In[22]:= BifDiagram[λ1_, λ2_, h_, ainit_] :=

{Res0 = {{λ1, a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3, λ1, a], {a, ainit}]}}};

ResBif = {{λ1, Mutest[5, 3, λ1, Res0[[Length[Res0]]][[2]]]}};

Monitor[For[i = 1, Sign[λ2 - λ1] (λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1] - λ2) < 0, i++,

{Res0 = Append[Res0, {λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1], a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3,

λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1], a], {a, Res0[[Length[Res0]]][[2]]}],

ResBif = Append[ResBif, {λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1], Mutest[5, 3, λ1 + h * i * Sign[

λ2 - λ1], Res0[[Length[Res0]]][[2]]}], λ1 + h * i * Sign[λ2 - λ1]];

ListLinePlot[ResBif, PlotStyle → {Thickness[0.005], Black}][[1]]

```

In[23]:= TableInit = {10, 13, 180};
Nbre = Length[TableInit];
Table[ FindRoot[Tir[5, 3, 11.5, a], {a, TableInit[[i]]}], {i, 1, Nbre}]
Branch[11.5, 7.6, 0.05, 180];
%[[Length[%]]]
Branch[11.5, 7.6, 0.05, 13.140709400649873`];
%[[Length[%]]]
TableInit = {10, 20, 220};
Nbre = Length[TableInit];
Table[ FindRoot[Tir[5, 3, 13, a], {a, TableInit[[i]]}], {i, 1, Nbre}]

```

```
Out[23]= {{a -> 11.5}, {a -> 13.1407}, {a -> 180.307}}
```

```
Out[24]= {7.65, 57.8833}
```

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Out[25]= {7.65, 45.5676}
```

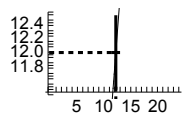
```
Out[26]= {{a -> 10.1298}, {a -> 13.}, {a -> 220.366}}
```

```

In[33]:= Show[BifDiagram[11.5, 7.6, 0.05, 180],
  BifDiagram[7.65, 7.617, 0.001, 57.883334045563444`],
  BifDiagram[11.5, 7.6, 0.05, 13.140709400649873`],
  BifDiagram[7.65, 7.617, 0.001, 45.56761914396513`],
  BifDiagram[11.5, 12, 0.001, 13.140709400649873`],
  BifDiagram[11.5, 14, 0.05, 180], PlotRange -> All];
P2 = Show[ListLinePlot[{{12, 11.5}, {12, 12.5}}, PlotStyle -> Black],
  ListLinePlot[{{11.5, 12}, {12.5, 12}}, PlotStyle -> Black],
  ListLinePlot[{{12, 0}, {12, 11.5}}, PlotStyle -> {Dotted, Black}],
  ListLinePlot[{{0, 12}, {11.5, 12}}, PlotStyle -> {Dotted, Black}],
  BifDiagram[13, 12, 0.01, 10.129844993171785`],
  BifDiagram[13, 15, 0.05, 10.129844993171785`], %];

```

```
In[35]:= Show[P1, P2, PlotRange -> {{0, 13.5}, {0, 14}}]
```

```
Out[35]= Show[, PlotRange -> {{0, 13.5}, {0, 14}}]
```

```
In[36]:=
```

Computation of the optimal constant: looking for the largest value of λ such that $\mu(\lambda) = \lambda$

```

In[50]:= Mutest[d_, p_, λ_, a_?NumericQ] := (2 v[0])p-2 /.
  NDSolve[{- (1 - z2) u''[z] + d z u'[z] +  $\frac{\lambda}{p-2}$  u[z] -  $\frac{1}{p-2}$  Abs[u[z]]p-2 u[z] == 0,
    u[1 - δ] == a -  $\frac{a^{p-1} - \lambda a}{d (1 - \delta)}$  δ, u'[1 - δ] ==  $\frac{a^{p-1} - \lambda a}{d (p - 2)}$ ,
    v'[z] == -Abs[u[z]]p  $\frac{(1 - z^2)^{\frac{d-2}{2}}}{Z[d]}$ , v[1 - δ] == 0}, {u, u', v}, {z, 0, 1 - δ}][[1]]

```

```

In[51]:= h = 0.01;
Res1 = {{3.3, b, a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3.3, b, a], {a, 250}]}} /. FindRoot[
  b - Mutest[5, 3.3, b, a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3.3, b, a], {a, 250}]], {b, 7}];
Timing[Monitor[For[i = 1, 3.3 - h * i > 2.31, i++,
  Res1 = Append[Res1, {3.3 - h * i, b, aopt /. FindRoot[
    Tir[5, 3.3 - h * i, b, aopt], {aopt, Res1[[Length[Res1]]][[3]]}]] /.
  FindRoot[b - Mutest[5, 3.3 - h * i, b, a /. FindRoot[
    Tir[5, 3.3 - h * i, b, a], {a, Res1[[Length[Res1]]][[3]]}],
    {b, Res1[[Length[Res1]]][[2]]}], 3.3 - h * i]
Res1;
P3 = ListLinePlot[Table[{Res1[[i]][[1]], Res1[[i]][[2]]}, {i, 1, Length[Res1]}],
  PlotStyle -> {Thickness[0.005], Black}];
Out[51]= {42.524, Null}

```

```

In[56]:= TT = Table[{Res1[[i]][[1]], Res1[[i]][[2]]}, {i, 1, Length[Res1]}];
P3 = ListLinePlot[TT, PlotStyle -> {Thickness[0.005], Black}];

```

```

In[58]:= h = 0.001;
Res2 = {{3.3, b, a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3.3, b, a], {a, 250}]}} /. FindRoot[
  b - Mutest[5, 3.3, b, a /. FindRoot[Tir[5, 3.3, b, a], {a, 250}]], {b, 7}];
Timing[Monitor[For[i = 1, 3.3 + h * i < 3.333, i++,
  Res2 = Append[Res2, {3.3 + h * i, b, aopt /. FindRoot[
    Tir[5, 3.3 + h * i, b, aopt], {aopt, Res2[[Length[Res2]]][[3]]}]] /.
  FindRoot[b - Mutest[5, 3.3 + h * i, b, a /. FindRoot[
    Tir[5, 3.3 + h * i, b, a], {a, Res2[[Length[Res2]]][[3]]}],
    {b, Res2[[Length[Res2]]][[2]]}], 3.3 + h * i]
Res2;
P4 = ListLinePlot[Table[{Res2[[i]][[1]], Res2[[i]][[2]]}, {i, 1, Length[Res2]}],
  PlotStyle -> {Thickness[0.005], Black}];
Out[58]= {13.8648, Null}

```

```

In[63]:= Nbre = Length[TT];
Show[P3, P4, ListLinePlot[{{1, 12}, TT[[Nbre]]},
  PlotStyle -> {Thickness[0.005], Black, Dashed}],
  PlotRange -> {{1, 3.333}, {6, 12}}, AxesOrigin -> {2, 6}]

```

